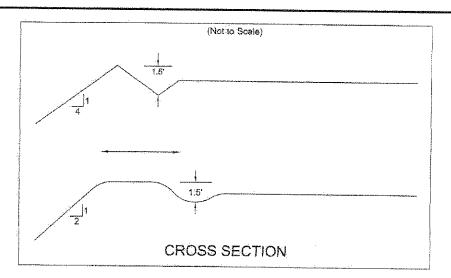
Specifications

Temporary Diversion



- 1. Drainage area should not exceed 10 acres. Larger areas 4. The grade may be variable depending upon the topograrequire a more extensive design.
- 2. The channel cross section may be parabolic or trapezoidal. Disk the base of the dike before placing fill. Build the dike 10% higher than designed for settlement. The dike shall be compacted by traversing with tracked earth-moving equipment.
- 3. The minimum cross section of the levee or dike will be as follows: (Minimum design freeboard shall be 0.3 foot.) Where construction traffic will cross, the top width may be made wider and the side slopes flatter than specified

Table 5.3.2

Dike Top Width (ft.)	Height (ft.)	Side Slones	Shape
0	1.5	4.1	Trapezoidal
4	1.5	2.1	Parabolic

phy, but must have a positive drainage to the outlet and be stabilized to be non-erosive.

Table 5.3.2

Diversion Slape	<2 80.	2 - 5 ac.	5 - 10 ac.
0 - 3%	Seed and Straw	Seed and Straw	Seed and Straw
3 5%	Seed and Straw	Seed and Straw	Matting
5 - 8%	Seed and Straw	Matting	Matting
8 20%	Seed and Straw	Matting	Engineered

beyond the scope of this standard and must be designed for stability. Seed, straw and matting used shall meet the Specifications for Temporary Seeding, Mulching and Matting.

- 5. Outlet runoff-onto a stabilized area, into a properly designed waterway, grade stabilization structure, or sediment trapping facility.
- 6. Diversions shall be seeded and mulched in accordance with the requirements in practice standards TEMPORARY SEEDING (or PERMANENT SEEDING) and MULCHING as soon as they are constructed or other suitable stabilization in order to preserve dike height and reduce

INFORMATION OBTAINED FROM THE 2006 EDITION OF THE STATE OF OHIO'S "RAINWATER AND LAND DEVELOPMENT MANUAL".

ORTH RIDGEVILLE, ENGINEER

REV No.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

CITY OF NORTH RIDGEVILLE, OHIO DEPARTMENT OF ENGINEERING

TEMPORARY DIVERSION

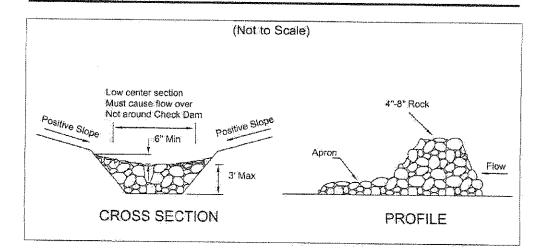
SCALE: NOT TO SCALE

DATE: 10/01/08 | DRWN BY: JAB/TEB

SWP-9

Specifications

Rock Check Dam



- 1. The check dam shall be constructed of 4-8 aich diameter 6. A Splash Apron shall be constructed where check dams stone, placed so that it completely covers the width of the channel. ODOT Type D stone is acceptable, but should be underlain with a gravel filter consisting of ODOT No. 3 or 4 or suitable filter fabric.
- 2. Maximum height of check dam shall not exceed 3.0 feet.
- 3. The midpoint of the rock check dam shall be a minimum of 6 inches lower than the sides in order to direct across the center and away from the channel sides.
- 4. The base of the check dam shall be entrenched approximately 6 inches.
- 5. Spacing of check dams shall be in a manner such that the toe of the upstream dam is at the same elevation as the top of the downstream dam.
- are expected to be in use for an extended period of time, a stone apron shall be constructed immediately downstream of the check dam to prevent flows from undercutting the structure. The apron should be 6 in thick and its length two times the height of the dam.
- 7. Stone placement shall be performed either by hand or mechanically as long as the center of check dam is fower than the sides and extends across entire channel
- 8. Side slopes shall be a minimum of 2:1.

INFORMATION OBTAINED FROM THE 2006 EDITION OF THE STATE OF OHIO'S "RAINWATER AND LAND DEVELOPMENT MANUAL".

REV No. DATE BY DESCRIPTION

CITY OF NORTH RIDGEVILLE, OHIO DEPARTMENT OF ENGINEERING

ROCK CHECK DAM

DATE: 10/01/08 | DRWN BY: JAB/TEB

SCALE: NOT TO SCALE

CITY OF NORTH RIDGEVILLE, ENGINEER

SWP-10